

УДК 547.42:537.226.1/2

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## Термофизические свойства криопротекторов.

### VIII. Диэлектрическая проницаемость ряда криопротекторов, их водных растворов и смесей

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## Thermophysical Properties of Cryoprotectants. VIII. Dielectric Permeability of Some Cryoprotectants, Their Aqueous Solutions and Mixtures

**Реферат:** Систематизированы литературные данные по статической диэлектрической проницаемости воды, чистых криопротекторов, их водных растворов и смесей. Построены эмпирические полиномиальные уравнения для расчета статической диэлектрической проницаемости воды и чистых криопротекторов в зависимости от температуры. Для водных растворов и смесей некоторых криопротекторов получены эмпирические полиномиальные уравнения в зависимости от температуры при фиксированных концентрациях или от концентрации при фиксированных температурах.

**Ключевые слова:** криопротектор, статическая диэлектрическая проницаемость, эмпирические полиномиальные уравнения.

**Реферат:** Систематизовано літературні дані зі статичної діелектричної проникності води, чистих криопротекторів, їх водних розчинів і сумішей. Побудовано емпіричні поліноміальні рівняння для розрахунку статичної діелектричної проникності води і чистих криопротекторів в залежності від температури. Для водних розчинів і сумішей деяких криопротекторів отримано емпіричні поліноміальні рівняння в залежності від температури при фіксованих концентраціях або від концентрації при фіксованих температурах.

**Ключові слова:** криопротектор, статична діелектрична проникність, емпіричні поліноміальні рівняння.

**Abstract:** There were summarised the reported data on static dielectric permeability for water, pure cryoprotectants, their aqueous solutions and mixtures. The empirical polynomial equations to calculate static dielectric permeability for water and pure cryoprotectants depending on temperature were derived. The empirical polynomial equations for aqueous solutions and mixtures of some cryoprotectants depending on either the temperature at fixed concentrations or the concentration at fixed temperatures were obtained.

**Key words:** cryoprotectant, static dielectric permeability, empirical polynomial equations.

Диэлектрическая проницаемость – физическая величина, которая характеризует свойства изолирующей (диэлектрической) среды и показывает зависимость электрической индукции от напряженности электрического поля. Она определяется эффектом поляризации диэлектриков под действием электрического поля и величиной диэлектрической восприимчивости среды.

Любая среда уменьшает напряженность электрического поля по сравнению с вакуумом. Диэлектрическая проницаемость показывает, во сколько раз электрическое поле в диэлектрике меньше электрического поля в вакууме, и дает возможность судить об интенсивности процессов

Dielectric permeability is the physical quantity, characterizing properties of isolating (dielectric) medium and demonstrating the dependency of dielectric flux density on electric field intensity. It is determined by the polarization effect of dielectrics under the impact of electric field and by characterizing this effect value of dielectric susceptibility of medium.

Any medium reduces the electric field intensity if compared to the vacuum. Dielectric permeability shows in which extent a electric field in a dielectrics is lower than in the vacuum and enables judging about the intensity of polarization processes and the quality of dielectric. The dielectric polarization is determined by the total effect of different polarization mechanisms.

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Поступила 16.09.2014  
Принята в печать 02.10.2014

Проблемы криобиологии и криомедицины. – 2015. – Т. 25, №1. – С. 131–150.  
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Received September, 16, 2014  
Accepted October, 02, 2014

Probl. Cryobiol. Cryomed. 2015. 25(1): 131–150.  
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поляризации и качестве диэлектрика. Поляризация диэлектрика определяется суммарным действием различных механизмов поляризации. По температурной и частотной зависимости диэлектрической проницаемости можно получить информацию о механизмах поляризации и их относительном вкладе в поляризацию диэлектрика. Возрастание диэлектрической проницаемости приводит к росту электропроводности.

Цель работы – обобщение и систематизация литературных данных на основе построения эмпирических формул для расчета значений статической диэлектрической проницаемости чистых криопротекторов, их водных растворов и смесей в зависимости от массовой концентрации криопротектора и температуры.

Экспериментальные результаты по статической диэлектрической проницаемости криопротекторов, водных растворов и смесей, приведенные в литературе, были обработаны с помощью программы «Excel 2003» («Microsoft», США). Наряду с данными для криопротекторов были обработаны и экспериментальные литературные данные для воды, льда и ряда растворов веществ, которые важны как для жизнедеятельности человека, так и для криобиологии.

В таблицах концентрации приведены в массовых процентах для вещества, указанного первым.

В таблицах приняты следующие условные обозначения:

БД – бутандиол,  
БСА – бычий сывороточный альбумин,  
ДМАц – диметилацетамид,  
ДМСО – диметилсульфоксид,  
ДМФА – диметилформамид,  
ДЭГ – диэтиленгликоль,  
М – молярность,  
МАц – метилацетамид,  
МФА – метилформамид,  
ПВП – поливинилпирролидон,  
ПД – пропандиол,  
ПЭГ – полиэтиленгликоль,  
ТЭГ – триэтиленгликоль,  
ФА – формамид,  
ХФ – хлороформ,  
ЭГ – этиленгликоль,  
ж. ф. – жидкая фаза,  
тв. ф. – твердая фаза.

Temperature and frequency dependencies of dielectric permeability contain information about polarization mechanisms and their relative contribution into dielectric polarization. The increase in dielectric permeability results in rise of electric conductivity.

The research aim was to summarize and systematize the reported data, using the derived empirical formulae to calculate the values of static dielectric permeability for pure cryoprotectants, their aqueous solutions and mixtures depending on cryoprotectant mass concentration and temperature.

Collected published experimental data on static dielectric permeability for cryoprotectants, aqueous solutions and mixtures were processed with Excel 2003 software (Microsoft, USA). Along with the data for cryoprotectants we also processed the published experimental findings for water, ice and some solutions of substances, important for both human vital activity and cryobiology.

The Tables show concentrations in mass percentage for the substance mentioned first.

The following abbreviations are assumed in the Tables:

BD – butanediol,  
BSA – bovine serum albumin,  
CF – chloroform,  
DMAc – dimethylacetamide,  
DMSO – dimethyl sulfoxide,  
DMFA – dimethylformamide,  
DEG – diethylene glycol,  
EG – ethylene glycol,  
FA – formamide,  
MAc – methylacetamide,  
MFA – methylformamide,  
PVP – polyvinylpyrrolidone,  
PD – propanediol,  
PEG – polyethylene glycol,  
TEG – triethylene glycol,  
l. p. – liquid phase,  
s. p. – solid phase.



**Таблица 1.** Уравнения для расчета статической диэлектрической проницаемости чистых веществ в зависимости от температуры; дисперсии аппроксимаций и диапазоны температур применения уравнений  
**Table 1.** Equations to calculate static dielectric permeability for pure substances depending on temperature; dispersions of approximations and temperature ranges of equation application

Вещество Substance	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон температур, °C Temperature range, °C	Источник	References
Вода, ж. ф. Water, l. p.	$\varepsilon = -9,712 \times 10^{-7}t^3 + 8,777 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,4029t + 87,99$	0,9995	-40...370	[2, 10, 11, 15, 17, 23-25, 36, 37, 39, 40, 43, 54, 64, 66, 71, 78, 80, 96, 99, 103, 106]	[2, 3, 7, 9, 15-17, 28, 29, 31, 32, 35, 46, 58, 60, 61, 66, 75, 77, 93, 94, 97, 101, 104]
Вода, тв. ф. (лед) Water, s.p. (ice)	$\varepsilon = 2,8 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,3076t + 93,8$	0,9945	-123...0	[14, 19, 36, 43, 54]	[4, 11, 28, 35, 46]
1,2-БД 1,2-BD	$\varepsilon = -0,1366t + 25,913$	0,9963	5...50	[2, 36]	[2, 28]
1,3-БД 1,3-BD	$\varepsilon = -1,317 \times 10^{-6}t^3 + 7,075 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1993t + 33,48$	0,9979	-28...150	[2, 4, 36]	[2, 28, 106]
1,4-БД 1,4-BD	$\varepsilon = 4,095 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1933t + 35,66$	0,9973	15...150	[2, 4, 9, 66]	[2, 61, 69, 106]
2,3-БД 2,3-BD	$\varepsilon = 2,351 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1144t + 23,69$	0,9992	10...150	[4, 103]	[101, 106]
1,2-ПД 1,2-PD	$\varepsilon = 2,159 \times 10^{-8}t^4 - 6,459 \times 10^{-6}t^3 + 9,836 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2017t + 34,0$	0,9965	-90...150	[2, 6, 16, 25, 26, 29, 34, 89, 92]	[2, 8, 17, 18, 21, 26, 53, 86, 89]
1,3-ПД 1,3-PD	$\varepsilon = 2,578 \times 10^{-6}t^3 + 2,844 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2024t + 39,18$	0,9978	-30...100	[36, 103]	[28, 101]
Ацетамид Acetamide	$\varepsilon = -2,249 \times 10^{-3}t^2 + 0,3312t + 55,97$	0,9994	91...175	[2, 36]	[2, 28]
Глицерин, ж. ф. Glycerol, l. p.	$\varepsilon = 5,134 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2663t + 48,61$	0,9933	-78...100	[2, 9, 25, 34, 35, 37, 61, 91, 93, 96, 103]	[2, 17, 26, 27, 29, 55, 69, 88, 90, 94, 101]
Глицерин, тв. ф. Glycerol, s. p.	$\varepsilon = 7,21 \times 10^{-4}t^3 + 0,1055t^2 + 5,207t + 91,58$	0,9997	-53...-13	[16]	[8]
	$\varepsilon = 1,183 \times 10^{-3}t^3 - 0,03185t^2 - 0,06638t + 47,12$	1,0	-13...17		
ДМАц DMAc	$\varepsilon = 6,584 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2495t + 44,3$	0,9912	-15...160	[2, 5, 36, 37, 53, 91, 103]	[2, 28, 29, 45, 47, 88, 101]
ДМСО DMSO	$\varepsilon = 2,966 \times 10^{-6}t^4 - 5,444 \times 10^{-4}t^3 + 3,527 \times 10^{-2}t^2 - 1,071t + 58,54$	0,993	10...70	[26, 35, 37, 93, 100, 103]	[18, 28, 29, 90, 98, 101]
ДМФА DMFA	$\varepsilon = -1,726 \times 10^{-6}t^3 + 8,004 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2114t + 42,12$	0,9953	-60...145	[2, 5, 9, 36, 103]	[2, 28, 47, 69, 101]
ДЭГ DEG	$\varepsilon = 1,09 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2042t + 36,04$	0,9942	-20...100	[2, 5, 36, 40, 70, 92]	[2, 28, 32, 47, 65, 89]
МАц MAc	$\varepsilon = -1,213 \times 10^{-5}t^3 + 7,393 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 1,896t + 22,88$	0,9994	25...200	[2, 26, 36, 56]	[2, 18, 28, 49]
Метанол Methanol	$\varepsilon = -3,978 \times 10^{-6}t^3 + 1,045 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,2309t + 37,39$	0,9946	-110...140	[2, 3, 5, 9, 23, 25, 27, 36, 38, 39, 49, 57, 66, 79, 80, 103]	[2, 15, 17, 19, 28, 30, 31, 41, 47, 50, 61, 69, 76, 77, 101, 105]
МФА MFA	$\varepsilon = 2,191 \times 10^{-6}t^3 + 7,628 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 1,909t + 221,2$	0,991	-40...80	[2, 5, 36, 37, 103]	[2, 28, 29, 47, 101]
ПЭГ-1000 (тв. ф.) PEG-1000 (s. p.)	$\varepsilon = 6,429 \times 10^{-6}t^3 + 6,495 \times 10^{-4}t^2 + 0,04147t + 4,548$	0,9737	-70...30	[58]	[51]
ПЭГ-600 PEG-600	$\varepsilon = -6,3 \times 10^{-5}t^3 + 7,398 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,2779t + 14,03$	0,9683	10...60	[58,86]	[51,83]

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Продолжение таблицы 1  
Table 1. (Continued)

Вещество Substance	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон температур, °C Temperature range, °C	Источник	References
ПЭГ-400 PEG-400	$\varepsilon = 4,153 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1371t + 16,21$	0,9881	0...25	[86]	[83]
ПЭГ-300 PEG-300	$\varepsilon = 5,386 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,132t + 17,5$	0,9817	0...25	[62, 86, 94]	[56, 83, 91]
ПЭГ-200 PEG-200	$\varepsilon = 5,524 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1639t + 23,79$	0,9749	4...25	[86, 94]	[83, 91]
ТЭГ TEG	$\varepsilon = 4,273 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1429t + 26,27$	0,9955	-20...60	[2, 5, 36]	[2, 28, 47]
Фенол Phenol	$\varepsilon = 2,656 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1034t + 15,38$	0,9954	4...160	[2, 36, 39]	[2, 28, 31]
Формаид Formamide	$\varepsilon = 7,988 \times 10^{-5}t^2 - 0,4343t + 119,4$	0,994	0...65	[2, 36, 103]	[2, 28, 101]
Хлороформ (тв. ф.) Chloroform (s. p.)	$\varepsilon = 5,78 \times 10^{-5}t^2 - 0,01432t + 3,318$	0,9689	-149...-70	[2, 79]	[2, 76]
Хлороформ Chloroform	$\varepsilon = 3,932 \times 10^{-5}t^2 - 0,01923t + 5,192$	0,9942	-70...180	[2, 25, 39, 66, 79]	[2, 17, 31, 61, 76]
Этанол Ethanol	$\varepsilon = 1,967 \times 10^{-8}t^4 - 4,341 \times 10^{-6}t^3 + 4,219 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1532t + 27,9$	0,9955	-143...160	[2, 5, 9, 24, 25, 36, 55, 57, 71, 79, 94, 103]	[2, 16, 17, 28, 47, 48, 50, 66, 69, 76, 91, 101]
ЭГ EG	$\varepsilon = 4,646 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2323t + 46,34$	0,9965	-20...150	[2, 25, 26, 36, 39, 40, 72, 80, 89, 93, 100]	[2, 17, 18, 28, 31, 32, 68, 77, 90, 98]

Таблица 2. Уравнения для расчета статической диэлектрической проницаемости растворов криопротекторов в зависимости от концентрации криопротекторов при фиксированной температуре; дисперсии аппроксимаций и диапазоны концентраций применения уравнений

Table 2. Equations to calculate static dielectric permeability for cryoprotective solutions depending on cryoprotectant concentration at a fixed temperature; dispersions of approximations and temperature ranges of equation application

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
1,2-ПД – вода 1,2-PD – water	25	$\varepsilon = -1,017 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,3745C + 78,45$	0,9995	0...100	[26, 29, 103]	[18, 21, 101]
1,3-БД – вода 1,3-BD – water	25	$\varepsilon = -0,4971C + 78,45$	0,9999	0...100	[4, 6, 36, 76]	[28, 53, 73, 106]
CaCl <sub>2</sub> -вода CaCl <sub>2</sub> -water	25	$\varepsilon = -2,655 \times 10^{-3}C^3 + 0,168C^2 - 3,518C + 78,45$	0,9999	0...34	[1]	[1]
KCl-вода KCl-water	15	$\varepsilon = 0,7132C^2 - 3,6749C + 82,14$	0,99	0...2	[1]	[1]
	20	$\varepsilon = -1,6146C + 80,28$	0,9931	0...7	[47]	[39]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,4552C + 78,45$	0,9901	0...14	[1, 51]	[1, 43]
	35	$\varepsilon = -1,7592C + 74,92$	0,9976	0...4	[1]	[1]
NaCl-вода NaCl-water	0	$\varepsilon = 6,723 \times 10^{-2}C^2 - 3,675C + 87,99$	0,9975	0...25	[1, 101]	[1, 99]
	1,5	$\varepsilon = 7,458 \times 10^{-2}C^2 - 3,398C + 87,39$	0,9939	0...25	[1, 51]	[1, 43]
	3	$\varepsilon = 6,957 \times 10^{-2}C^2 - 2,762C + 86,79$	0,991	0...5	[1]	[1]

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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
NaCl-вода NaCl-water	5	$\varepsilon = 3,152 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 2,689 C + 86,0$	0,9997	0...24	[48]	[40]
	10	$\varepsilon = 5,206 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 3,399 C + 84,05$	0,9984	0...16	[1]	[1]
	20	$\varepsilon = 3,156 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 2,33 C + 80,28$	0,9975	0...24	[48, 59]	[40, 52]
	25	$\varepsilon = 3,1 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 2,273 C + 78,45$	0,9952	0...25	[1, 32, 33, 48, 101]	[1, 24, 25, 40, 99]
	30	$\varepsilon = 3,941 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 2,584 C + 76,67$	0,9931	0...25	[1, 51, 101]	[1, 43, 99]
	35	$\varepsilon = 4,005 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 2,222 C + 74,92$	0,9985	0...24	[48]	[40]
	40	$\varepsilon = 3,705 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 2,862 C + 73,22$	0,9998	0...16	[1, 21]	[1, 13]
	50	$\varepsilon = 8,034 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 3,057 C + 69,92$	0,9955	0...11	[101]	[99]
NaCl-глицерин NaCl-glycerol	-35,5	$\varepsilon = -1,249 \times 10^{-3} C^3 - 0,06069 C^2 - 1,181 C + 58,71$	0,9855	0...29	[1]	[1]
Аланин-вода Alanine-water	25	$\varepsilon = 0,1123 C^3 - 1,592 C^2 + 8,226 C + 78,45$	1,0	0...9	[28]	[20]
	30	$\varepsilon = 2,815 \times 10^{-2} C^3 - 0,3331 C^2 + 3,654 C + 76,67$	0,9974	0...9		
	35	$\varepsilon = 2,184 \times 10^{-2} C^3 - 0,3042 C^2 + 3,843 C + 74,92$	0,9949	0...9		
	40	$\varepsilon = 6,793 \times 10^{-2} C^3 - 1,018 C^2 + 5,871 C + 73,22$	0,9878	0...9		
BSA-вода BSA-water	25	$\varepsilon = -4,507 \times 10^{-2} C^4 + 0,432 C^3 - 1,5 C^2 + 1,362 C + 78,45$	0,9959	0...5	[12]	[4]
Галактоза-вода Galactose-water	5	$\varepsilon = -1,867 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1623 C + 86,0$	0,997	0...18	[1, 31]	[1, 23]
	10	$\varepsilon = -1,958 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1536 C + 84,05$	0,9949	0...18		
	15	$\varepsilon = -2,907 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1379 C + 82,14$	0,992	0...18		
	20	$\varepsilon = -3,91 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1277 C + 80,28$	0,9918	0...18		
	25	$\varepsilon = 5,812 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,193 C + 78,45$	0,9944	0...60		
	30	$\varepsilon = 4,679 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2057 C + 76,67$	0,9966	0...60		
	35	$\varepsilon = -3,431 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1432 C + 74,92$	0,9972	0...18		
	40	$\varepsilon = 4,121 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,1988 C + 73,22$	0,9964	0...60		
Глицерин-ДМАц Glycerol-DMAc	15	$\varepsilon = -7,24 \times 10^{-6} C^3 + 2,832 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,08025 C + 40,71$	0,9958	0...100	[91]	[88]
	30	$\varepsilon = -2,808 \times 10^{-6} C^3 - 5,335 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,1192 C + 37,41$	0,9978	0...100		
	45	$\varepsilon = 6,325 \times 10^{-7} C^3 - 1,146 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,1542 C + 34,41$	0,9955	0...100		
	60	$\varepsilon = -2,325 \times 10^{-6} C^3 - 1,483 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,1727 C + 31,7$	0,9969	0...100		
Глицерин-ДМФА Glycerol-DMFA	15	$\varepsilon = -1,102 \times 10^{-5} C^3 - 1,375 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,1727 C + 39,12$	0,9913	0...100	[91]	[88]
	30	$\varepsilon = -2,359 \times 10^{-6} C^3 - 1,445 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,2192 C + 36,45$	0,9939			

Продолжение на следующей странице  
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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References	
Глицерин-ДМФА Glycerol-DMFA	45	$\varepsilon = 1,673 \times 10^{-6} C^3 - 1,913 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,2242 C + 34,07$	0,996	0...100	[91]	[88]	
	60	$\varepsilon = -8,459 \times 10^{-7} C^3 - 1,398 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,1932 C + 31,94$	0,9947				
Глицерин-вода Glycerol-water	-19,5	$\varepsilon = -5,161 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,1737 C + 87,75$	0,9987	85...100	[69]	[64]	
	-15,3	$\varepsilon = 1,042 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 2,624 C + 210,9$	0,9953	85...100			
	-7,5	$\varepsilon = 2,971 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 1,242 C + 145,5$	0,9976	85...100			
	20	$\varepsilon = -1,996 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1873 C + 80,28$	0,9966	0...100	[7, 35, 78]	[27, 59, 75]	
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,95 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1812 C + 78,45$	0,9944		[78, 84, 85, 96]	[75, 81, 82, 94]	
	30	$\varepsilon = -1,154 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2404 C + 76,67$	0,9989		[37, 41, 103]	[29, 33, 101]	
	35	$\varepsilon = -1,299 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2269 C + 74,92$	0,9994		[41, 85]	[33, 82]	
	37	$\varepsilon = -8,162 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2866 C + 74,24$	0,9991		[22]	[14]	
	40	$\varepsilon = -1,397 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2177 C + 73,22$	0,9992		[78, 96]	[75, 94]	
	45	$\varepsilon = -1,489 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2028 C + 71,55$	0,9976		[41, 85, 91]	[33, 82, 88]	
	60	$\varepsilon = -1,112 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2169 C + 66,77$	0,9996		[78]	[75]	
	70	$\varepsilon = -4,304 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2732 C + 63,75$	0,9985		[2, 22]	[2, 14]	
	80	$\varepsilon = -9,825 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2038 C + 60,88$	0,9994		[78]	[75]	
	100	$\varepsilon = -8,945 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,1874 C + 55,51$	0,9998		[78]	[75]	
Глицерин-трегалоза Glycerol-trehalose	-23	$\varepsilon = 3,051 \times 10^{-6} C^5 - 3,06 \times 10^{-4} C^4 + 0,01126 C^3 - 0,1852 C^2 + 1,534 C + 6,8$	0,9953		0...47	[13]	[5]
	0	$\varepsilon = 1,963 \times 10^{-6} C^5 - 2,017 \times 10^{-4} C^4 + 7,807 \times 10^{-3} C^3 - 0,138 C^2 + 1,306 C + 7,426$	0,9953		0...47		
	24	$\varepsilon = 1,105 \times 10^{-6} C^5 - 1,254 \times 10^{-4} C^4 + 5,553 \times 10^{-3} C^3 - 0,1131 C^2 + 1,264 C + 7,51$	0,9942		0...47		
Глицерин-этанол Glycerol-ethanol	20	$\varepsilon = 5,628 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,1126 C + 24,97$	0,9945	0...100	[7, 35]	[27, 59]	
	25	$\varepsilon = 1,202 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,0615 C + 24,27$	0,9989		[88, 103]	[85, 101]	
Глицин – 2,84 % NaCl Glycine -- 2.84% NaCl	25	$\varepsilon = 3,2196 C + 77,293$	0,9996	0...20	[33]	[25]	
Глицин – 5,6 % NaCl Glycine – 5.6% NaCl	25	$\varepsilon = 3,1613 C + 76,767$	0,9999	0...20	[33]	[25]	
Глицин --10,85 % NaCl Glycine --10.85% NaCl	25	$\varepsilon = 3,2053 C + 74,893$	0,9996	0...20	[33]	[25]	
Глицин-вода Glycine-water	18	$\varepsilon = 3,1983 C + 81,02$	0,9994	0...18	[1]	[1]	
	20	$\varepsilon = 3,117 C + 80,28$	1,0	0...8			

Продолжение на следующей странице  
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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
Глицин-вода Glycine-water	25	$\varepsilon = 3,158C + 78,45$	0,9988	0...20	[1,33]	[1,25]
	30	$\varepsilon = 3,0653C + 76,67$	1,0	0...8	[1]	[1]
	40	$\varepsilon = 2,9908C + 73,22$	0,9999	0...8		
	50	$\varepsilon = 2,9553C + 69,92$	0,9999	0...8		
Глюкоза-вода Glucose-water	5	$\varepsilon = -6,815 \times 10^{-4}C^2 - 0,2608C + 86,0$	0,9988	0...18	[31]	[23]
	10	$\varepsilon = -8,703 \times 10^{-4}C^2 - 0,2493C + 84,05$	0,9994	0...18		
	15	$\varepsilon = -1,808 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2273C + 82,14$	0,9992	0...18		
	20	$\varepsilon = -1,159 \times 10^{-4}C^3 + 8,757 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,3739C + 80,28$	0,995	0...90	[1, 31, 105]	[1, 23, 103]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,688 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2165C + 78,45$	0,9999	0...50	[1, 31]	[1, 23]
	30	$\varepsilon = -3,884 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 1,782 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2711C + 76,67$	0,9964	0...90	[1]	[1]
	35	$\varepsilon = -2,194 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2012C + 74,92$	0,9986	0...18	[31]	[23]
	40	$\varepsilon = -5,604 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 3,217 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2155C + 73,22$	0,9941	0...90	[1]	[1]
	50	$\varepsilon = -4,582 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 2,491 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,1979C + 69,92$	0,9948	0...90		
	60	$\varepsilon = -3,842 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 1,942 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,1791C + 66,77$	0,9976	0...90		
	70	$\varepsilon = -4,394 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 2,991 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2173C + 63,75$	0,9956	0...95		
	80	$\varepsilon = -4,363 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 3,489 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2416C + 60,88$	0,9951	0...95		
	90	$\varepsilon = -4,163 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 3,818 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2656C + 58,13$	0,9935	0...95		
ДМАц-вода DMAc-water	25	$\varepsilon = -2,05 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2448C + 78,45$	0,9996	0...100	[5, 37, 103]	[29, 47, 101]
ДМСО-вода DMSO-water	10	$\varepsilon = -7,548 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 6,396 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,2148C + 84,05$	0,9982	0...100	[17, 100]	[9, 98]
	20	$\varepsilon = -5,583 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 3,231 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,09819C + 80,28$	0,9992		[17, 18, 35]	[9, 10, 27]
	25	$\varepsilon = -5,78 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 3,824 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,1025C + 78,45$	0,9972		[37, 45, 60, 74, 87, 97]	[29, 37, 54, 71, 84, 95]
	30	$\varepsilon = -5,101 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 3,22 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,1124C + 76,67$	0,9983		[17, 60, 103]	[9, 54, 101]
	35	$\varepsilon = -5,871 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 4,961 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,1977C + 74,92$	0,9975		[18, 60, 103]	[10, 54, 101]
	40	$\varepsilon = -4,769 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 3,249 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,1236C + 73,22$	0,9965		[17, 60, 103]	[9, 54, 101]
	45	$\varepsilon = -4,855 \times 10^{-5}C^3 + 3,754 \times 10^{-3}C^2 - 0,1484C + 71,55$	0,9982		[60, 103]	[54, 101]
ДМСО-ЭГ DMSO-EG	10	$\varepsilon = -5,816 \times 10^{-7}C^4 + 8,718 \times 10^{-5}C^3 - 5,598 \times 10^{-3}C^2 + 0,3368C + 44,06$	0,9945	0...100	[100, 103]	[98, 101]

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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
ДМСО-ЭГ DMSO-EG	20	$\varepsilon = -8,862 \times 10^{-7} C^4 + 1,454 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 9,183 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,4166 C + 41,88$	0,9938	0...100	[100, 103]	[98, 101]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,036 \times 10^{-6} C^4 + 1,861 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 1,273 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 0,5288 C + 40,82$	0,992	0...100		
	30	$\varepsilon = -1,389 \times 10^{-6} C^4 + 2,403 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 1,487 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 0,5435 C + 39,79$	0,9958	0...100		
	40	$\varepsilon = -1,29 \times 10^{-6} C^4 + 2,225 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 1,422 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 0,5673 C + 37,79$	0,9972	0...100		
ДМФА-вода DMFA-water	25	$\varepsilon = 1,605 \times 10^{-6} C^3 - 3,092 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1193 C + 78,45$	0,9992	0...100	[1, 37, 103]	[1, 29, 101]
	30	$\varepsilon = 1,803 \times 10^{-6} C^3 - 2,525 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1645 C + 76,67$	0,999	0...100	[93, 103]	[90, 101]
ДМФА-глицерин DMFA-glycerol	30	$\varepsilon = 6,273 \times 10^{-6} C^3 - 2,606 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,1548 C + 41,08$	0,998	0...100	[93, 103]	[90, 101]
ДМФА-ДМСО DMFA-DMSO	30	$\varepsilon = -4,021 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,05143 C + 45,86$	0,9971	0...100	[93, 103]	[90, 101]
ДМФА-метанол DMFA-methanol	10	$\varepsilon = -1,065 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,1592 C + 35,18$	0,996	0...100	[1]	[1]
	25	$\varepsilon = 3,002 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,03135 C + 32,21$	0,994		[2, 49, 103]	[2, 41, 101]
	30	$\varepsilon = 3,066 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,03049 C + 31,3$	0,9933			
	35	$\varepsilon = 3,943 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,01649 C + 30,42$	0,9976			
	40	$\varepsilon = 5,479 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 3,879 \times 10^{-3} C + 29,57$	0,9953			
	55	$\varepsilon = -1,024 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,1583 C + 27,19$	0,9962		[1]	[1]
ДМФА-ЭГ DMFA-EG	30	$\varepsilon = 2,032 \times 10^{-6} C^3 - 1,469 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,09594 C + 39,79$	0,9987	0...100	[93, 103]	[90, 101]
ДМФА-этанол DMFA-ethanol	30	$\varepsilon = 2,327 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,1064 C + 23,58$	0,9987	0...100	[93, 103]	[90, 101]
ДЭГ-вода DEG-water	15	$\varepsilon = -2,113 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2804 C + 82,14$	0,9996	0...100	[1, 36]	[1, 28]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,997 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,275 C + 78,45$	0,9991	0...100	[1, 40, 94]	[1, 32, 91]
	35	$\varepsilon = -1,765 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2778 C + 74,92$	0,9997	0...100	[1, 2]	[1, 2]
ДЭГ-этанол DEG-ethanol	25	$\varepsilon = 4,69 \times 10^{-5} C^2 + 0,06224 C + 24,27$	0,9965	0...100	[94, 103]	[91, 101]
Ксилроза-вода Xylose-water	5	$\varepsilon = -0,307 C + 86,0$	0,9984	0...16	[31]	[23]
	10	$\varepsilon = -0,3028 C + 84,05$	0,9992			
	15	$\varepsilon = -0,3006 C + 82,14$	0,9991			
	20	$\varepsilon = -0,3056 C + 80,28$	0,9957			
	25	$\varepsilon = -0,3 C + 78,45$	0,9959			
	30	$\varepsilon = -0,3068 C + 76,67$	0,9941			
	35	$\varepsilon = -0,3123 C + 74,92$	0,9918			
	40	$\varepsilon = -0,3206 C + 73,22$	0,9894			
Мальтоза-вода Maltose-water	5	$\varepsilon = -2,126 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2596 C + 86,0$	0,9987	0...50	[68]	[63]

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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
Мальтоза-вода Maltose-water	15	$\varepsilon = -1,622 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2652 C + 82,14$	0,9982	0...50	[68]	[63]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,427 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2625 C + 78,45$	0,9993			
	35	$\varepsilon = -1,124 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2656 C + 74,92$	0,9991			
Маннит-вода Mannitol-water	20	$\varepsilon = -1,632 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1237 C + 80,28$	0,9988	0...15	[1]	[1]
	25	$\varepsilon = -8,461 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 6,887 \times 10^{-3} C + 78,45$	0,9982	0...50	[1, 92]	[1, 89]
	30	$\varepsilon = -9,355 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,1331 C + 76,67$	0,9982	0...20	[1]	[1]
	40	$\varepsilon = 6,645 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,1687 C + 73,22$	0,9997	0...20		
	50	$\varepsilon = -2,258 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,1543 C + 69,92$	0,9998	0...20		
	60	$\varepsilon = 1,194 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1806 C + 66,77$	0,9991	0...20		
МАц-вода MAc-water	5	$\varepsilon = 1,38 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 9,82 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,393 C + 86,0$	0,9993	0...80	[26]	[18]
	10	$\varepsilon = 1,556 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 1,278 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 0,4797 C + 84,5$	0,9991	0...80		
	15	$\varepsilon = 1,673 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 1,523 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 0,5828 C + 82,14$	0,9996	0...80		
	20	$\varepsilon = 1,844 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 1,791 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 0,6667 C + 80,28$	0,9996	0...80		
	25	$\varepsilon = -4,259 \times 10^{-6} C^4 + 8,945 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 5,616 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 1,342 C + 78,45$	0,9956	0...100		
	30	$\varepsilon = -2,852 \times 10^{-6} C^4 + 6,423 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 4,233 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 1,111 C + 76,67$	0,9985	0...100		
	35	$\varepsilon = -3,002 \times 10^{-6} C^4 + 7,283 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 5,184 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 1,386 C + 74,92$	0,9999	0...100		
	40	$\varepsilon = -2,916 \times 10^{-6} C^4 + 7,722 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 5,961 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 1,671 C + 73,22$	0,9995	0...100		
	45	$\varepsilon = -3,011 \times 10^{-6} C^4 + 8,446 \times 10^{-4} C^3 - 6,806 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 1,92 C + 71,55$	0,9968	0...100		
Метанол-вода Methanol-water	-90	$\varepsilon = 8,921 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 2,163 C + 193,9$	0,9858	54...100	[1]	[1]
	-80	$\varepsilon = 7,836 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 1,959 C + 179,8$	0,987			
	-70	$\varepsilon = 6,708 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 1,757 C + 166,9$	0,9893			
	-60	$\varepsilon = 2,865 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 1,11 C + 136,6$	0,9919	44...100	[1, 3]	[1, 105]
	-50	$\varepsilon = 2,881 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 1,08 C + 130,5$	0,9918			
	-40	$\varepsilon = -1,177 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,4614 C + 105,57$	0,9968			
	-30	$\varepsilon = -9,911 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4614 C + 100,89$	0,998			
	-20	$\varepsilon = -7,725 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4668 C + 96,41$	0,9926			
	-10	$\varepsilon = -6,287 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4477 C + 92,11$	0,9945			
	0	$\varepsilon = -4,905 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4513 C + 87,99$	0,9996			
	5	$\varepsilon = -6,698 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4239 C + 86,0$	0,9998			
	10	$\varepsilon = -3,032 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,455 C + 84,05$	0,9992			
				0...100		
				[1]	[1]	

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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
Метанол-вода Methanol-water	15	$\varepsilon = -4,734 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4255C + 82,14$	0,9999	0...100	[1, 23, 42, 103]	[1, 15, 34, 101]
	17	$\varepsilon = -1,87 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4639C + 81,39$	0,9997		[1]	[1]
	20	$\varepsilon = -2,023 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4481C + 80,28$	0,9974		[1, 42, 71, 103]	[1, 34, 66, 101]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,501 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4414C + 78,45$	0,999		[1, 23, 41, 42, 52, 87, 102, 103]	[1, 15, 33, 34, 44, 84, 100, 101]
	30	$\varepsilon = -2,118 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4267C + 76,67$	0,9983		[1, 41, 42, 98, 103]	[1, 33, 34, 96, 101]
	35	$\varepsilon = -2,631 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4137C + 74,92$	0,9985		[1, 23, 41, 42, 103]	[1, 15, 33, 34, 101]
	40	$\varepsilon = -8,251 \times 10^{-5} C^2 - 0,4253C + 73,22$	0,9993		[1, 41, 103]	[1, 33, 101]
	45	$\varepsilon = -1,092 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4157C + 71,55$	0,9995		[23, 41, 103]	[15, 33, 101]
	50	$\varepsilon = -1,017 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,3775C + 69,92$	0,9973		[1, 30, 103]	[1, 22, 101]
	55	$\varepsilon = 9,783 \times 10^{-5} C^2 - 0,4193C + 68,32$	1,0		[23, 103]	[15, 101]
	60	$\varepsilon = 4,72 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,4525C + 66,77$	0,9994		[1, 2, 103]	[1, 2, 101]
Метанол-ДМСО Methanol-DMSO	20	$\varepsilon = 2,01 \times 10^{-5} C^3 - 3,858 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,04268C + 47,35$	0,9992	0...100	[8]	[67]
Мочевина-вода Urea-water	18	$\varepsilon = -3,588 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 0,2269C + 81,01$	0,9969	1,6...9,5	[1]	[1]
	20	$\varepsilon = 1,872 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,5109C + 80,28$	0,9996	0...48	[1, 67]	[1, 62]
	25	$\varepsilon = 1,153 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,5321C + 78,45$	1,0	0...28	[1, 46]	[1, 38]
МФА-вода MFA-water	25	$\varepsilon = 2,498 \times 10^{-6} C^4 - 3,086 \times 10^{-4} C^3 + 1,404 \times 10^{-2} C^2 + 0,1484C + 78,45$	0,9996	0...100	[37]	[29]
ПЭГ-200 – вода PEG-200 – water	25	$\varepsilon = -2,627 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,316C + 78,45$	0,9989	0...100	[53,92,94]	[45,89,91]
ПЭГ-300 – вода PEG-300 – water	25	$\varepsilon = -2,792 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,3287C + 78,45$	0,9962	0...100	[53,62,94]	[45,56,91]
ПЭГ-400 – вода PEG-400 – water	25	$\varepsilon = -2,784 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,3641C + 78,45$	0,9969	0...100	[62,94]	[56,91]
ПЭГ-600 – вода PEG-600 – water	25	$\varepsilon = -1,933 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,4586C + 78,45$	0,9981	0...100	[53,62,94]	[45,56,91]
ПЭГ-200 – этанол PEG-200 – ethanol	25	$\varepsilon = -2,617 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,01805C + 24,27$	0,9939	0...100	[94]	[91]
ПЭГ-300 – этанол PEG-300 – ethanol	25	$\varepsilon = -3,042 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,04003C + 24,27$	0,9962	0...100	[94]	[91]
ПЭГ-400 – этанол PEG-400 – ethanol	25	$\varepsilon = -3,525 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,0576C + 24,27$	0,9908	0...100	[88]	[85]
ПЭГ-600 – этанол PEG-600 – ethanol	25	$\varepsilon = -4,406 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,06083C + 24,27$	0,9966	0...100	[94]	[91]
Рибоза-вода Ribose-water	5	$\varepsilon = -6,204 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1941C + 86,0$	0,9969	0...16	[31]	[23]
	10	$\varepsilon = -7,789 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1854C + 84,05$	0,9967			
	15	$\varepsilon = -1,017 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 0,1832C + 82,14$	0,9962			

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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
Рибоза-вода Ribose-water	20	$\varepsilon = -1,159 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 0,2004 C + 80,28$	0,9966	0...16	[31]	[23]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,225 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 0,2285 C + 78,45$	0,9944			
	30	$\varepsilon = -1,31 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 0,2884 C + 76,67$	0,9954			
	35	$\varepsilon = -1,069 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 0,4227 C + 74,92$	0,9968			
	40	$\varepsilon = -5,65 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,6354 C + 73,22$	0,9896			
Сахароза-вода Sucrose-water	10	$\varepsilon = -9,134 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2447 C + 84,05$	1,0	0...40	[1]	[1]
	20	$\varepsilon = -7,683 \times 10^{-5} C^3 + 4,314 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,3083 C + 80,28$	0,9976	0...80	[1, 12, 63]	[1, 4, 57]
	22	$\varepsilon = -1,239 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 0,129 C + 79,54$	0,9969	0...14	[73]	[70]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,466 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,214 C + 78,45$	0,9974	0...60	[1, 12, 63]	[1, 4, 57]
	30	$\varepsilon = -2,311 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1758 C + 76,67$	0,9967	0...70		
	35	$\varepsilon = -2,592 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2083 C + 74,92$	0,9916	0...25	[11]	[3]
	40	$\varepsilon = -2,656 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1504 C + 73,22$	0,9948	0...80	[1]	[1]
	45	$\varepsilon = -4,704 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1498 C + 71,55$	0,9969	0...25	[11]	[3]
	50	$\varepsilon = -2,027 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1724 C + 69,92$	0,997	0...80	[1]	[1]
	60	$\varepsilon = -3,374 \times 10^{-5} C^3 + 1,684 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2531 C + 66,77$	0,995	0...90		
	70	$\varepsilon = -1,816 \times 10^{-5} C^3 + 5,138 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2392 C + 63,75$	0,9959	0...90		
	80	$\varepsilon = -1,908 \times 10^{-5} C^3 + 1,361 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2815 C + 60,88$	0,9953	0...90		
	90	$\varepsilon = -3,256 \times 10^{-5} C^3 + 3,096 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,3102 C + 58,13$	0,9956	0...90		
	95	$\varepsilon = -1,699 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1324 C + 56,8$	0,9997	0...90		
	100	$\varepsilon = -4,09 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2539 C + 55,51$	0,9997	0...70		
Сорбит-вода Sorbitol-water	0	$\varepsilon = 1,231 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,4114 C + 87,99$	0,9871	0...70	[95]	[92]
	5	$\varepsilon = 1,7 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,4467 C + 86,0$	0,9877	0...70		
	10	$\varepsilon = 4,435 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,6147 C + 84,05$	0,9942	0...70		
	15	$\varepsilon = -3,269 \times 10^{-4} C^3 + 3,702 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 1,394 C + 82,14$	0,9987	0...60		
	20	$\varepsilon = -3,102 \times 10^{-4} C^3 + 3,375 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 1,253 C + 80,28$	0,9961	0...60		
	25	$\varepsilon = -4,007 \times 10^{-4} C^3 + 4,092 \times 10^{-2} C^2 - 1,394 C + 78,45$	0,9954	0...50		
Трегалоза-вода Trehalose-water	5	$\varepsilon = -1,811 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2206 C + 86,0$	0,9989	0...50	[68]	[63]
	15	$\varepsilon = -1,377 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2141 C + 82,14$	0,9993	0...50		
	25	$\varepsilon = -9,856 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2252 C + 78,45$	0,9961	0...50		
	35	$\varepsilon = -7,602 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2316 C + 74,92$	0,9957	0...50		

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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
ТЭГ-вода TEG-water	15	$\varepsilon = -2,481 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,3227 C + 82,14$	0,999	0...100	[1]	[1]
	25	$\varepsilon = -2,539 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2927 C + 78,45$	0,9995	0...100	[1, 40]	[1, 32]
	35	$\varepsilon = -2,323 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2925 C + 74,92$	0,9992	0...100	[1, 2]	[1, 2]
Фенол-вода Phenol-water	70	$\varepsilon = -1,543 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,09431 C + 33,87$	0,9991	40...100	[1, 2]	[1, 2]
ФА – 1,2-ПД FA – 1,2-PD	30	$\varepsilon = 0,7806 C + 28,68$	0,9997	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА-вода FA-water	25	$\varepsilon = -4,097 \times 10^{-5} C^3 + 3,555 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,3663 C + 78,45$	0,9966	0...100	[1,37,52]	[1,29,44]
	30	$\varepsilon = -5,644 \times 10^{-5} C^3 + 5,358 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,3315 C + 76,67$	0,9987	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА-глицерин FA-glycerol	30	$\varepsilon = -2,528 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,9119 C + 41,08$	0,9993	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА-ДЭГ FA-DEG	30	$\varepsilon = -1,997 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,8699 C + 39,99$	0,9994	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА-ДМСО FA-DMSO	30	$\varepsilon = 1,127 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,4993 C + 45,86$	0,9996	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА-ДМФА FA-DMFA	30	$\varepsilon = 1,87 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,5171 C + 36,45$	0,9997	0...100	[90,92]	[87,89]
ФА-метанол FA-methanol	30	$\varepsilon = 1,905 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,5719 C + 31,3$	0,9995	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА – ПЭГ-200 FA – PEG-200	30	$\varepsilon = 0,8717 C + 19,37$	0,9995	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА – ПЭГ-300 FA – PEG-300	30	$\varepsilon = 0,9187 C + 14,02$	0,999	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА – ПЭГ-400 FA – PEG-400	30	$\varepsilon = 8,159 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,8548 C + 12,47$	0,9991	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА – ПЭГ-600 FA – PEG-600	30	$\varepsilon = 7,358 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,8803 C + 10,65$	0,9993	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА-этанол FA-ethanol	30	$\varepsilon = 4,864 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,3494 C + 23,58$	0,9998	0...100	[92]	[89]
ФА-ЭГ FA-EG	30	$\varepsilon = -1,728 \times 10^{-3} C^2 + 0,8454 C + 39,79$	0,9997	0...100	[92]	[89]
Фруктоза-вода Fructose-water	5	$\varepsilon = -1,047 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2451 C + 86,0$	0,9997	0...18	[31]	[23]
	10	$\varepsilon = -1,282 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2268 C + 84,05$	0,9998	0...18	[31]	[23]
	15	$\varepsilon = -1,495 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2176 C + 82,14$	0,9996	0...18	[31]	[23]
	20	$\varepsilon = -1,005 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2192 C + 80,28$	0,9988	0...18	[31]	[23]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,249 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2069 C + 78,45$	0,9992	0...18	[31]	[23]
	30	$\varepsilon = -1,565 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1996 C + 76,67$	0,9997	0...18	[31]	[23]
	35	$\varepsilon = -1,655 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,188 C + 74,92$	0,9991	0...18	[31]	[23]
	40	$\varepsilon = -1,762 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1847 C + 73,22$	0,9951	0...20	[12, 31]	[4, 23]
ХФ-метанол CF-methanol	20	$\varepsilon = -1,916 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,09204 C + 33,16$	0,9996	0...100	[1]	[1]

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Продолжение таблицы 2  
Table 2. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Температура, °C Temperature, °C	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон концентраций, масс. % Concentration range, % w/w	Источник	References
ХФ-этанол CF-ethanol	18	$\varepsilon = -1,096 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,09585 C + 25,26$	0,9975	0...100	[1]	[1]
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,079 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,08791 C + 24,27$	0,998			
Этанол-вода Ethanol-water	-5	$\varepsilon = 1,703 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6328 C + 90,03$	0,9975		[1, 11, 103]	[1, 3, 101]
	0	$\varepsilon = 2,313 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6284 C + 87,99$	0,9981		[24]	[16]
	5	$\varepsilon = -3,514 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6131 C + 86,0$	0,9988		[1, 11, 103]	[1, 3, 101]
	10	$\varepsilon = 7,248 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6494 C + 84,05$	0,9942		[11, 24, 103]	[3, 16, 101]
	15	$\varepsilon = 2,165 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6073 C + 82,14$	0,9953		[1, 7, 42, 55, 71, 103]	[1, 34, 48, 59, 66, 101]
	20	$\varepsilon = 6,742 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,623 C + 80,28$	0,9965		[73]	[70]
	22	$\varepsilon = 4,974 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6052 C + 79,56$	0,9999		[1, 11, 24, 42, 44, 52, 87, 88, 104, 103]	[1, 3, 16, 34, 36, 44, 84, 85, 101, 102]
	25	$\varepsilon = 7,513 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6207 C + 78,45$	0,9982		[1, 98, 103]	[1, 96, 101]
	30	$\varepsilon = 7,52 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6106 C + 76,67$	0,999		[55, 103]	[48, 101]
	32	$\varepsilon = 5,385 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,5772 C + 75,96$	0,9998		[1, 11, 24, 103]	[1, 3, 16, 101]
	35	$\varepsilon = 7,22 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6015 C + 74,92$	0,997		[1, 11, 42, 103]	[1, 3, 34, 101]
	40	$\varepsilon = 8,497 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6016 C + 73,22$	0,9983		[1, 11, 103]	[1, 3, 101]
	45	$\varepsilon = 9,567 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,6092 C + 71,55$	0,9927		[1, 24, 30, 103]	[1, 16, 22, 101]
	50	$\varepsilon = 9,68 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,5955 C + 69,92$	0,9982		[1, 103]	[1, 101]
	55	$\varepsilon = 1,053 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,5913 C + 68,32$	0,9992		[1, 101, 103]	[1, 99, 101]
	60	$\varepsilon = 9,703 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,5725 C + 66,77$	0,9991			
	75	$\varepsilon = 1,02 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,5519 C + 62,3$	0,9993			
80	$\varepsilon = 8,857 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,536 C + 60,88$	0,9995				
ЭГ-вода EG-water	15	$\varepsilon = -1,975 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,1885 C + 82,14$	0,9973	[1, 40]	[1, 32]	
	20	$\varepsilon = -1,894 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2224 C + 80,28$	0,9955	[70, 77, 101, 106]	[65, 74, 99, 104]	
	25	$\varepsilon = -1,819 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,205 C + 78,45$	0,9935	[1, 20, 40, 72, 80, 94, 106]	[1, 12, 32, 68, 77, 91, 104]	
	30	$\varepsilon = -1,707 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2216 C + 76,67$	0,9975	[80]	[77]	
	35	$\varepsilon = -1,442 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2174 C + 74,92$	0,9946	[1, 40, 80]	[1, 32, 77]	
	40	$\varepsilon = -1,622 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2219 C + 73,22$	0,9971	[70, 77, 80, 106]	[65, 74, 77, 104]	
	45	$\varepsilon = -1,406 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2307 C + 71,55$	0,9999	[80]	[77]	
	50	$\varepsilon = -7,672 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2722 C + 69,92$	0,9962	[30]	[22]	
	60	$\varepsilon = -1,112 \times 10^{-3} C^2 - 0,2387 C + 66,77$	0,9988	[70, 77, 101, 106]	[65, 74, 99, 104]	
	80	$\varepsilon = -7,978 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2419 C + 60,88$	0,9995	[70, 77, 106]	[65, 74, 104]	
ЭГ-этанол EG-ethanol	100	$\varepsilon = -5,427 \times 10^{-4} C^2 - 0,2435 C + 55,51$	0,9995	[70, 77, 101, 106]	[65, 74, 99, 104]	
	25	$\varepsilon = 7,618 \times 10^{-4} C^2 + 0,09216 C + 24,27$	0,9979	[94]	[91]	



**Таблица 3.** Уравнения для расчета статической диэлектрической проницаемости растворов криопротекторов в зависимости от температуры при фиксированной концентрации; дисперсии аппроксимаций и диапазоны концентраций применения уравнений

**Table 3.** Equations to calculate static dielectric permeability for cryoprotective solutions depending on temperature at a fixed concentration; dispersions of approximations and temperature ranges of equation application

Раствор Solution	Концентрация, масс. % Concentration, % w/w	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон температур, °C Temperature range, °C	Источник	References
NaCl-вода NaCl-water	0,5	$\varepsilon = -4,19 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,03055t + 79,98$	0,9966	10...60	[83]	[80]
	1	$\varepsilon = -5,05 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,03674t + 77,36$	0,9975	10...60		
	1,5	$\varepsilon = -4,785 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 7,846 \times 10^{-3}t + 76,66$	0,994	10...60		
	2	$\varepsilon = -1,372 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,1563t + 76,78$	0,9982	10...50	[1]	[1]
	2,84	$\varepsilon = -5,143 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3114t + 79,57$	0,9966	0...60	[51]	[43]
	3,73	$\varepsilon = -1,357 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,3567t + 79,19$	0,9956	0...40		
NaCl – агар-гель (1%) NaCl – agar gel (1%)	0	$\varepsilon = 3,709 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2419t + 79,54$	0,9973	10...60	[83]	[80]
	0,5	$\varepsilon = -1,481 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,1366t + 77,43$	0,9956	10...60		
	1	$\varepsilon = 6,893 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,2563t + 76,45$	0,9973	10...60		
	1,5	$\varepsilon = 7,719 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,249t + 75,44$	0,9913	10...60		
	2	$\varepsilon = 1,384 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,2738t + 73,98$	0,9993	10...60		
NaCl-глицерин NaCl-glycerol	4,55	$\varepsilon = 1,029 \times 10^{-2}t^2 + 0,501t + 58,5$	1,0	-49...-27	[1]	[1]
	21,15	$\varepsilon = 6,363 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,2968t + 49,39$	0,9968	-50...-22		
NaCl – глициновый буфер (0,2 M) NaCl – glycine buffer (0.2 M)	0	$\varepsilon = 1,818 \times 10^{-5}t^4 - 3,824 \times 10^{-3}t^3 + 0,2931t^2 - 10,13t + 195,7$	0,9976	20...70	[75]	[72]
	0,5	$\varepsilon = 2,333 \times 10^{-3}t^3 - 0,24t^2 + 6,221t + 34,73$	1,0	20...50	[75]	[72]
NaCl – фосфатный буфер (0,05 M) NaCl – phosphate buffer (0.05 M)	0	$\varepsilon = -6,378 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,1867C + 83,71$	0,9929	7...65	[81]	[78]
	0,5	$\varepsilon = -1,002 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,1343C + 81,09$	0,9931	7...65		
	0,75	$\varepsilon = -1,049 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,1601C + 81,51$	0,9919	7...65		
	1	$\varepsilon = -1,121 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,1562C + 81,15$	0,9922	7...65		
Галактоза-вода Galactose-water	3,48	$\varepsilon = -0,3636t + 87,243$	0,9998	5...40	[31]	[23]
	6,72	$\varepsilon = -0,366t + 86,571$	0,9998	5...40		
	9,75	$\varepsilon = -0,3702t + 86,093$	0,9998	5...40		
	12,6	$\varepsilon = -0,3667t + 85,425$	0,9999	5...40		
	15,27	$\varepsilon = -0,3902t + 84,993$	0,9999	5...40		
	17,78	$\varepsilon = -0,379t + 84,529$	0,9999	5...40		
Глицин-вода Glycine-water	7,33	$\varepsilon = -9,647 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3216t + 109,8$	0,998	0...50	[1]	[1]
Глюкоза-вода Glucose-water	3,48	$\varepsilon = -0,3605t + 86,836$	0,9999	5...40	[31]	[23]
	6,72	$\varepsilon = -0,3536t + 85,843$	0,9997			
	9,75	$\varepsilon = -0,3517t + 85,0$	0,9999			
	12,6	$\varepsilon = -0,3536t + 84,343$	0,9997			
	15,27	$\varepsilon = -0,35t + 83,575$	0,9997			

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Продолжение таблицы 3  
Table 3. (Continued)

Раствор Solution	Концентрация, масс. % Concentration, % w/w	Уравнение Equation	R <sup>2</sup>	Диапазон температур, °C Temperature range, °C	Источник	References
Глюкоза-вода Glucose-water	17,78	$\varepsilon = -0,3429t + 82,689$	0,9995	5...40	[31]	[23]
ДМСО-вода DMSO-water	40	$\varepsilon = -0,3845t + 83,633$	0,9997	5...35	[74]	[71]
ДМФА-вода DMFA-water	29,55	$\varepsilon = -0,29t + 70,56$	0,9997	20...40	[18]	[10]
МАц-вода MAc-water	41,73	$\varepsilon = 8,615 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3387t + 97,46$	0,9915	5...45	[26]	[18]
	57,49	$\varepsilon = 3,9 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,582t + 104,6$	0,999			
	80,23	$\varepsilon = 3,801 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,8614t + 129,5$	0,9998			
Метанол-вода Methanol-water	34	$\varepsilon = 2,485 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,3293t + 67,02$	0,9886	-22...18	[20]	[12]
	50	$\varepsilon = 5,788 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3564t + 64,81$	0,9903	5...35	[1, 41, 74]	[1, 33, 71]
Сахароза – агар-гель (1%) Sucrose – agar gel (1%)	10	$\varepsilon = 2,202 \times 10^{-5}t^3 - 3,254 \times 10^{-3}t^2 + 1,696 \times 10^{-2}t + 71,14$	0,9939	10...60	[83]	[80]
	20	$\varepsilon = 2,293 \times 10^{-4}t^3 - 2,468 \times 10^{-2}t^2 + 0,7437t + 54,57$	0,9703			
	30	$\varepsilon = -1,442 \times 10^{-4}t^3 + 1,002 \times 10^{-2}t^2 - 2,922 \times 10^{-2}t + 53,81$	0,9678			
	40	$\varepsilon = 1,998 \times 10^{-4}t^3 - 2,197 \times 10^{-2}t^2 + 0,904t + 25,42$	0,9966			
Сахароза-вода Sucrose-water	5	$\varepsilon = 9,781 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,4222t + 86,51$	0,9998	0...100	[1, 83]	[1, 80]
	10	$\varepsilon = 7,889 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,4059t + 85,38$	0,9989			
	20	$\varepsilon = 6,833 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3911t + 82,45$	0,9966			
	30	$\varepsilon = 5,113 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3684t + 79,32$	0,9971			
	40	$\varepsilon = 5,351 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3652t + 76,45$	0,9991			
ФА-вода FA-water	33,41	$\varepsilon = -0,378t + 103,8$	0,9997	20...40	[18]	[10]
Этанол-вода Ethanol-water	95	$\varepsilon = 2,998 \times 10^{-3}t^2 + 0,04805t + 38,4$	0,9998	-156...-110	[50]	[42]
	99	$\varepsilon = 5,455 \times 10^{-3}t^2 + 0,7786t + 84,34$	0,9973	-162...-119		
ЭГ-вода EG-water	20	$\varepsilon = 9,493 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,4203t + 82,93$	0,9991	-10...100	[70, 80, 82, 106]	[65, 77, 79, 104]
	30	$\varepsilon = 9,181 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,4116t + 79,7$	0,9994	-10...100		
	40	$\varepsilon = 6,727 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3394t + 74,32$	0,9986	-20...100	[80, 106]	[77, 104]
	50	$\varepsilon = 1,052 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,4116t + 72,9$	0,9996	-20...100	[70, 77, 80, 82, 106]	[65, 74, 77, 79, 104]
	60	$\varepsilon = 9,555 \times 10^{-4}t^2 - 0,3787t + 68,0$	0,9979	-40...100	[80, 106]	[77, 104]
	80	$\varepsilon = 1,23 \times 10^{-3}t^2 - 0,3012t + 55,46$	0,9953	-15...100		

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